INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

30 JUNE 2019



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REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF MUNSHAAT REAL ESTATE PROJECTS COMPANY K.S.C.P.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position of Munshaat Real Estate Projects Company K.S.C.P. (the "Parent Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") as at 30 June 2019, and the related interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the three months and six months periods then ended and the related interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity and interim condensed consolidated statement of the six months period then ended. The management of the Parent Company is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim condensed consolidated financial information in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34: *Interim Financial Reporting* ("IAS 34"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim condensed consolidated financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently, it does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 9 to the interim condensed consolidated financial information, which describes that during the year 2015, the contractor of one of the properties of the Group in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia has claimed an amount equivalent to KD 41 million from the Parent Company and the Parent Company has filed a counter claim against the same contractor for delay in completing the project for an amount equivalent to KD 51 million. The ultimate outcome of the matter cannot presently be determined, and accordingly no provision for any liability that may result has been made in the interim condensed consolidated financial information as at 30 June 2019.

Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.



REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF MUNSHAAT REAL ESTATE PROJECTS COMPANY K.S.C.P. (continued)

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Furthermore, based on our review, the interim condensed consolidated financial information is in agreement with the books of account of the Parent Company. We further report that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, we have not become aware of any violations of Companies Law No. 1 of 2016, as amended, and its executive regulations, as amended, or of the Parent Company's Memorandum of Incorporation and Articles of Association, as amended, have occurred during the six-months period ended 30 June 2019 that might have had a material effect on the business of the Parent Company or on its financial position.

BADER A. AL ABDULJADER

LICENCE NO. 207-A

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AL AIBAN, AL OSAIMI & PARTNERS

5 August 2019 Kuwait

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (UNAUDITED)

For the period ended 30 June 2019

	Three months ended 30 June			Six months ended 30 June	
	_	2019	2018	2019	2018
	Notes	KD	KD	KD	KD
Operating revenue	3	2,652,931	2,789,115	4,821,226	5,133,839
Operating costs	3	(2,267,789)	(2,688,554)	(4,458,481)	(5,195,627)
Net results from hotel operations	,	385,142	100,561	362,745	(61,788)
Management fees		191,347	173,821	327,476	444,024
Net income from Sukuks		558,652	468,733	674,892	709,783
Net income from investment properties		113,976	318,050	227,088	626,365
Unrealised (loss) gain from financial assets at					
fair value through profit or loss		-	■ 0	(211,722)	160,187
Finance income		5,519	10,774	12,837	24,608
Dividend income		-	-	-	1,250
Other income		41,632	79,554	172,005	153,991
Share of results of associates		630,616	310,536	677,637	(48,548)
General and administrative expenses		(729,666)	(644,727)	(1,499,390)	(1,389,324)
Depreciation expense		(21,319)	(6,759)	(41,262)	(13,849)
Write-down of inventories		(57,000)	(44,994)	(57,000)	(44,994)
Finance costs		(1,001,758)	(725,517)	(2,001,053)	(1,442,863)
Net foreign exchange differences		(102,436)	161,601	26,568	(94,755)
(Loss) profit for the period before tax		14,705	201,633	(1,329,179)	(975,913)
National Labour Support Tax ("NLST")		12	_	=	(8,326)
Contribution to Kuwait Foundation for the					
Advancement of Sciences ("KFAS")		_	(106)	<u> </u>	(216)
Zakat and overseas taxation		(73,527)	(396,605)	(137,999)	(875,764)
Directors' remuneration		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD		(68,822)	(195,078)	(1,477,178)	(1,860,219)
£					
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Parent Company		144,918	(399,886)	(1,301,793)	(1,993,363)
Non-controlling interests		(213,740)	204,808	(175,385)	133,144
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD		(68,822)	(195,078)	(1,477,178)	(1,860,219)
BASIC AND DILUTED PROFIT (LOSS) PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT COMPANY	4	0.5 fils	(1) fils	(4) fils	(6) fils

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

For the period ended 30 June 2019

Three months ended 30 June		Six months ended 30 June	
2019 KD	2018 KD	2019 KD	2018 KD
(68,822)	(195,078)	(1,477,178)	(1,860,219)
-	(3,396)	-	(1,637)
45,276	(221,364)	18,334	(247,245)
45,276	(224,760)	18,334	(248,882)
(8.407)	(0.550)	(32 925)	(44,077)
(0,497)	(9,539)	(32,923)	(44,077)
(8,497)	(9,559)	(32,925)	(44,077)
36,779	(234,319)	(14,591)	(292,959)
(32,043)	(429,397)	(1,491,769)	(2,153,178)
173,588	(400,080)	(1,319,770)	(2,035,364)
(205,631)	(29,317)	(171,999)	(117,814)
(32,043)	(429,397)	(1,491,769)	(2,153,178)
	30 Jn 2019 KD (68,822) - 45,276 45,276 (8,497) (8,497) (32,043) 173,588 (205,631)	30 June 2019 2018 KD KD (68,822) (195,078) - (3,396) 45,276 (221,364) 45,276 (224,760) (8,497) (9,559) (8,497) (9,559) 36,779 (234,319) (32,043) (429,397) 173,588 (400,080) (205,631) (29,317)	30 June 30 Jine 2019 2018 2019 KD KD KD (68,822) (195,078) (1,477,178) - (3,396) - 45,276 (221,364) 18,334 45,276 (224,760) 18,334 (8,497) (9,559) (32,925) (8,497) (9,559) (32,925) 36,779 (234,319) (14,591) (32,043) (429,397) (1,491,769) 173,588 (400,080) (1,319,770) (205,631) (29,317) (171,999)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (UNAUDITED)

As at 30 June 2019

	Notes	30 June 2019 KD	(Audited) 31 December 2018 KD	30 June 2018 KD
ASSETS	ivoles	KD.	KD	KD
Non-current assets				
Property and equipment		337,388	102,268	40,773
Leasehold property	5	64,948,163	66,375,239	90,624,807
Investment properties	5	14,856,820	15,621,744	17,501,411
Prepaid operating lease		1,772,540	1,772,540	1,772,540
Investment in associates		31,740,734	32,798,051	34,837,605
Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss		4,437,058	4,953,030	4,971,594
Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income		820,157	853,082	1,085,731
		118,912,860	122,475,954	150,834,461
Current assets Accounts receivable and prepayments		8,846,490	8,313,657	11,537,890
Trading properties		530,370	530,370	530,370
Inventories		879,427	935,413	948,108
Wakala receivables		215,484	198,019	594,799
Bank balances and cash		11,000,118	5,575,413	15,097,003
		21,471,889	15,552,872	28,708,170
TOTAL ASSETS		140,384,749	138,028,826	179,542,631
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity	_	******	22 200 000	22 200 000
Share capital Share premium	7	32,200,000	32,200,000	32,200,000
Statutory reserve		12,400,000	12,400,000	12,400,000
Voluntary reserve		11,939,162	11,939,162 7,512,156	11,939,162 7,512,156
Fair value reserve		(1,625,906)	(1,592,981)	(1,360,330)
Asset revaluation surplus		658,251	658,251	6,770,783
Foreign currency translation reserve		(320,952)	(335,900)	(473,729)
(Accumulated losses) retained earnings		(9,761,686)	(15,972,049)	10,258,652
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company		45,488,869	46,808,639	79,246,694
Non-controlling interests		(2,428,690)	(1,591,218)	2,421,822
Total equity		43,060,179	45,217,421	81,668,516
Liabilities Non-current liabilities				
Employees' end of service benefits		1,323,498	1,180,887	1,071,927
Islamic finance payables	8	43,054,000	43,054,000	19,008,346
Obligations under finance lease		15,464,893	14,886,519	15,672,124
Accounts payable and accruals		4,431,517	4,580,418	278,122
		64,273,908	63,701,824	36,030,519
Current liabilities				
Islamic finance payables	8	7,585,407	7,585,407	7,202,877
Obligations under finance lease		1,329,198	1,295,840	1,293,600
Accounts payable and accruals		24,136,057	20,228,334	53,347,119
		33,050,662	29,109,581	61,843,596
Total liabilities		97,324,570	92,811,405	97,874,115
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		140,384,749	138,028,826	179,542,631

Abdullah Fuad Abdullah Althaqeb Chairman Abdulaziz Ahmad Yousef Alsaqer Chief Executive Officer

The attached notes 1 to 11 form part of this interim condensed consolidated financial information.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED) Munshaat Real Estate Projects Company K.S.C.P. and Subsidiaries For the period ended 30 June 2019

The attached notes 1 to 11 form part of this interim condensed consolidated financial information.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

For the period ended at 30 June 2019

		Six months ended 30 June	
		2019	2018
ONED LITTING A COMMUNICA	Notes	KD	KD
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Loss before tax		(1,329,179)	(975,913)
Adjustments to reconcile loss before tax to net cash flows:			
Amortisation of leasehold property	5	1,445,376	1,915,761
Valuation loss of investment properties	5	761,763	404,470
Unrealised loss (gain) from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		211,722	(160, 187)
Finance income		(12,837)	(24,608)
Dividend income		A.E.N	(1,250)
Share of results of associates		(677,637)	48,548
Depreciation of property and equipment and right-of-use assets		41,262	13,849
Finance costs		2,001,053	1,442,863
Net foreign exchange differences		(26,568)	94,755
Write-down of inventories		57,000	44,994
Provision for employees' end of service benefits		196,641	161,587
		2,668,596	2,964,869
Working capital adjustments: Accounts receivable and prepayments		(532,833)	6,118,018
Inventories		(1,014)	(70,418)
Accounts payable and accruals		2,295,961	(1,096,150)
Cash flows from operations		4,430,710	7,916,319
Employees' end of service benefits paid		(54,030)	(161,444)
Net cash flows from operating activities		4,376,680	7,754,875
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of furniture and computers		(123,048)	(6,150)
Additions to leasehold property		(33,389)	(36,891)
Dividends received from an associate		479,571	-
Proceeds from capital redemption in an associate		1,256,450	4,109,180
Finance income received		12,837	-
Net movement in wakala receivables		(17,465)	(53,130)
Proceeds from capital redemption of financial assets at fair value through profit			
or loss		304,250	241,600
Net cash flows from investing activities		1,879,206	4,254,609
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Finance costs paid		(160,829)	(1,636,669)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(665,473)	**
Dividends paid		(1,945)	(2,920)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(828,247)	(1,639,589)
NET INCREASE IN BANK BALANCES AND CASH		5,427,639	10,369,895
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(2,934)	89,165
Bank balances and cash 1 January		5,575,413	4,637,943
BANK BALANCES AND CASH AT 30 JUNE		11,000,118	15,097,003

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2019

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

The interim condensed consolidated financial information of Munshaat Real Estate Projects Company K.S.C.P. (the "Parent Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the six months ended 30 June 2019 was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors of the Parent Company on 5 August 2019.

The Parent Company is a public shareholding company incorporated and domiciled in Kuwait and whose shares are publicly traded on Boursa Kuwait. The Parent Company's head office is located at ITS Tower, Mezzanine floor, Mubarak Al Kabeer Street, Sharq and its registered postal address is PO Box 1393, Dasman 15464, Kuwait.

The intermediate parent company of Munshaat Real Estate Projects Company K.S.C.P, is Aref Investment Group S.A.K. ("Aref"), a closed shareholding company incorporated and domiciled in Kuwait.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 were approved by the Company's shareholders at the annual general assembly meeting ("AGM") held on 16 May 2019. No dividends were declared by the Company.

The Group is principally engaged in managing real estate projects. The Parent Company's primary objectives as per the memorandum of incorporation are, as follows:

- ▶ To own, sell and acquire real estate properties and land and develop the same for the Parent Company's own account in the State of Kuwait and abroad; and to manage properties on behalf of third parties in accordance with the provisions stipulated under the existing laws and taking into consideration the restrictions stipulated under these laws.
- ▶ To own, sell and acquire shares and bonds of real estate companies for the Parent Company's own account in Kuwait and abroad.
- To prepare studies and provide consultancy work of all types in the real estate field; provided that the service provider meets the prerequisites.
- ▶ To own and manage hotels, health clubs and touristic facilities and to rent and lease the same.
- ▶ To carry-out all maintenance works in the buildings and real estate properties owned by the Parent Company, including all civil, mechanical and electrical works, elevators and air conditioning works in a way that maintains the safety of such properties.
- ▶ To manage, operate, invest, lease and rent hotels, clubs, motels, entertainment houses, rest places, gardens, parks, exhibitions, restaurants, cafes, residential compounds, touristic and health spas, entertainment and sports facilities and stores at different levels and grades, including all principal and auxiliary services, appended facilities and other services required therefore.
- ▶ To organise real estate exhibitions related to the real estate projects of the Parent Company pursuant to the regulations set forth by the Ministry Commerce and Industry.
- ▶ To organise real estate auctions pursuant to the regulations set forth by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.
- To own and manage commercial complexes and residential compounds.
- ▶ To establish and manage real estate investment funds after obtaining the approval of the Capital Markets Authority.
- To utilise available financial surplus by investing the same in portfolios managed by specialised companies and entities.

The Group carries out its activities in accordance with the principles of Islamic Sharīa'a as approved by the Fatwa and Sharīa'a board appointed by the Parent Company.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2019

2 BASIS OF PREPERATION AND CHANGES TO THE GROUP'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Fundamental accounting concept

The Group incurred a net loss of KD 1,477,178 for the period ended 30 June 2019 (30 June 2018: KD 1,860,219) and, as of that date, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by KD 11,578,773 (31 December 2018: KD 13,556,709; 30 June 2018: KD 33,135,426). Further, the Group's accumulated losses amounted to KD 9,761,686 as at 30 June 2019 (31 December 2018: KD 15,972,049, and 30 June 2018: retained earnings of KD 10,258,652).

Notwithstanding the above, the management does not consider that these conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty regarding the Group's ability to continue as going concern. Accordingly, this interim condensed consolidated financial information has been prepared on a going concern basis taking into consideration the following assumptions:

- ▶ During the current period, the Group has generated revenue from its hospitality operations of KD 4,821,226 (30 June 2018: KD 5,133,839). Further, the Group's associates generated revenue of KD 10,515,081 for the period then ended (30 June 2018: KD 10,912,531). Management anticipates that its hospitality operations will continue generating positive operating cash flows.
- ▶ The Group did not breach any of its loan covenants, nor did it default on any other of its obligations under its loan agreements. The Parent Company was successful in obtaining a Tawarruq facility of KD 45.2 million from a local financial institution to settle the Ijara payable and related finance costs owed by a subsidiary, in addition to repay obligations arising from the tax claim. Management believes that the repayment of the facilities will occur as required and is confident that such repayments will be met out of operating cash flows.

As described above, the management has a reasonable expectations that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and its ability to meet the mandatory repayment terms of the banking facilities as and when they fall due.

2.2 Basis of preparation

The interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2019 has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*.

The interim condensed consolidated financial information is presented in Kuwaiti Dinars ("KD"), which is the functional currency of the Parent Company.

The interim condensed consolidated financial information does not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2018.

2.3 New standards, interpretations and amendments adopted by the Group

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial information are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the annual consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2018, except for the adoption of new standard effective as of 1 January 2019. The Group has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

The Group has applied, for the first time, IFRS 16 'Leases'. As required by IAS 34, the nature and effect of these changes are disclosed below.

Several other amendments and interpretations apply for the first time in 2019, but do not have an impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2019

BASIS OF PREPERATION AND CHANGES TO THE GROUP'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impact of changes in accounting policies due to adoption of new standards 2.3

Adoption of IFRS 16 'Leases'

IFRS 16 supersedes IAS 17 Leases, IFRIC 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, SIC-15 Operating Leases-Incentives and SIC-27 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model. Lessor accounting under IFRS 16 is substantially unchanged under IAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify leases as either operating or finance leases using similar principles as in IAS 17. Therefore, IFRS 16 did not have an impact for leases where the Group is the lessor.

The Group adopted IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective method of adoption with the date of initial application of 1 January 2019. Under this method, the standard is applied retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying the standard recognised at the date of initial application. The Group elected to use the transition practical expedient allowing the standard to be applied only to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying IAS 17 and IFRIC 4 at the date of initial application. The Group also elected to use the recognition exemptions for lease contracts that, at the commencement date, have a lease term of 12 months or less and do not contain a purchase option ('short-term leases'), and lease contracts for which the underlying asset is of low value ('low-value assets').

KD

The effect of adoption IFRS 16 as at 1 January 2019 is as follows:

	ND
Assets Right-of-use assets (included under property and equipment)	221,953
Liabilities Lease liabilities (included under obligation under finance lease)	155,953

Nature of the effect of adoption of IFRS 16

Before the adoption of IFRS 16, the Group classified its leases (as lessee) at the inception date as operating lease. In an operating lease, the leased property was not capitalised and the lease payments were recognised as rent expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Any prepaid rent and accrued rent were recognised under other assets and other liabilities, respectively.

Upon adoption of IFRS 16, the Group applied a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The standard provides specific transition requirements and practical expedients, which has been applied by the Group.

Leases previously accounted for as operating leases

The Group recognised right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for those leases previously classified as operating leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The right-of-use assets were recognised based on the carrying amount as if the standard had always been applied, apart from the use of incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application. Lease liabilities were recognised based on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application.

Summary of new accounting policies

Set out below are the new accounting policies of the Group upon adoption of IFRS 16, which have been applied from the date of initial application:

Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Unless the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2019

BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES TO THE GROUP'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.3 Impact of changes in accounting policies due to adoption of new standards (continued)

Adoption of IFRS 16 'Leases' (continued)

b) Summary of new accounting policies (continued)

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the borrowing rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of finance cost and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of property and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered of low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Significant judgement in determining the lease term of contracts with renewal options

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

Other amendments to IFRSs which are effective for annual accounting period starting from 1 January 2019 did not have any material impact on the accounting policies, financial position or performance of the Group.

c) Amounts recognised in the statement of financial position and profit or loss

Set out below, are the carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities and the movements during the period:

	Right-of-use assets KD	Lease liabilities KD
At 1 January 2019	221,953	155,953
Additions during the period	-	-
Depreciation expense	(22,013)	-
Finance costs		3,712
Payments		(18,000)
At 30 June 2019	199,940	141,665

The Group has discounted its future lease obligations using its incremental borrowing rate which is determined at 6% at the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2019

3 OPERATING REVENUE AND COSTS

C CIENTINO NE VENUE COCA	Three months ended 30 June		Six months ended 30 June	
	2019 KD	2018 KD	2019 KD	2018 KD
Operating revenue Hotel revenue	2,652,931	2,789,115	4,821,226	5,133,839
Operating costs Hotel operating costs Amortisation of leasehold property (Note 5)	(1,545,808) (721,981)	(1,727,676) (960,878)	(3,013,105) (1,445,376)	(3,279,866) (1,915,761)
	(2,267,789)	(2,688,554)	(4,458,481)	(5,195,627)

4 EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE (EPS)

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit or (loss) for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or (loss) attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares. As there are no dilutive instruments outstanding, basic and diluted earnings per share are identical.

	Three months ended 30 June		Six months ended 30 June	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Profit (loss) for the period attributable to the equity holders of the Parent Company (KD)	144,918	(399,886)	(1,301,793)	(1,993,363)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period (shares)	322,000,000	322,000,000	322,000,000	322,000,000
Basic and diluted EPS (fils)	0.5 fils	(1) fils	(4) fils	(6) fils

There have been no transactions involving ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date of authorisation of this interim condensed consolidated financial information which would require the restatement of EPS.

5 LEASEHOLD PROPERTY AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

a. Leasehold property

Leasehold property represents "Qeblah Tower", a property located in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and is operating as a hotel through an agreement with an international hotel operator.

The movement in leasehold property is, as follows:

		(Audited)	
	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2019	2018	2018
	KD	KD	KD
At the beginning of the period/year	66,375,239	92,348,445	92,348,445
Provision for impairment	-	(16,992,258)	-
Change in fair value	=	(6,112,532)	-
Amortisation (Note 3)	(1,445,376)	(3,835,345)	(1,915,761)
Additions	33,389	575,913	36,891
Net foreign exchange differences	(15,089)	391,016	155,232
At the end of the period/year	64,948,163	66,375,239	90,624,807
		-	

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2019

5 LEASEHOLD PROPERTY AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

a. Leasehold property (continued)

As at 31 December 2018, the management has determined the fair value of the leasehold property, based on external valuations by accredited independent valuers, using discounted cash flows method as there is a lack of comparable market data because of the nature of the properties.

b. Investment properties

The movement in investment properties is, as follows:

		(Audited)	
	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2019	2018	2018
	KD	KD	KD
At the beginning of the period/year	15,621,744	17,880,374	17,880,374
Change in fair value	(761,763)	(2,292,859)	(404,470)
Net foreign exchange differences	(3,161)	34,229	25,507
At the end of the period/year	14,856,820	15,621,744	17,501,411

The fair value of properties located in KSA are determined using a discounted cash flow method ("DCF"). The fair value of the property located in the State of Kuwait is determined using the market comparable approach. The valuations were performed by accredited independent valuers with recognised and relevant professional qualifications and experience in the locations and categories of the properties being valued as at 31 December 2018. The valuation models applied are consistent with the principles in IFRS 13.

Significant increases (decreases) in estimated rental value and rent growth per annum in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value of the properties. Significant increases (decreases) discount rate in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value.

Generally, a change in the assumption made for the estimated rental value is accompanied by:

▶ An opposite change in the rent growth per annum and discount rate.

6 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Related parties represent major shareholders, associates, directors and key management personnel of the Group, and entities controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by such parties including hotel operator. Pricing policies and terms of these transactions are approved by the Parent Company's management.

The table below shows the aggregate value of transactions and outstanding balances with related parties:

	Major shareholder of			Six month 30 Ju	
	the Ultimate Parent Company KD	Associates KD	Other related parties KD	2019 KD	2018 KD
Statement of profit or loss:		112 140	214 226	327,476	444,024
Management fees (income)	5.115	113,140	214,336		6,618
Finance income	5,115	5.1	-	5,115	(559,359)
Finance costs Management fees (expense)	(1,358,291)	-	(150,579)	(1,358,291) (150,579)	(141,918)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2019

RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

30 June 2018 KD	3,586,638	205,513	4,362,013	6,947,895	7,905,349	20,505,816
(Audited) 31 December 2018 KD	3,589,713	853,082	3,764,362	2,920,245	480,898	45,234,000
30 June 2019 KD	3,313,273	820,157			2,869,709	45,234,000
Other related parties KD	3,313,273	648,100	1	2,878,609	2,869,709	•
Associates KD	ā	1	1	ï	,	1
Major shareholders KD	1	172,057	•	41,302		•
Parent Company KD	•	ï	•	149,225	,	t
Major shareholder of Ultimate Parent Company KD	•	٠	5,087,328	*	•	45,234,000
	Statement of financial position: Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	Bank balances and cash	Accounts receivable and prepayments	Accounts payable and accruals (current and non- current)	Islamic finance payables

Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel comprise of the Board of Directors and key members of management having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group.

The aggregate value of transactions and outstanding balances related to key management personnel were as follows:

Transaction values for the six months ended 30 June	2019 2018 KD	246,246 335,708 110,679 60,570	356,925 396,278
Balance outsta 30 Ju	2019 KD	114,759 83,221 429,072 430,212	543,831
		Salaries and short-term benefits Post-employment benefits	

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2019

6 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

Compensation of key management personnel (continued)

The Board of Directors at the meeting held on 11 April 2019 proposed directors' remuneration for an independent board member of KD 10,000 for the year ended 31 December 2018. The remuneration was approved by the shareholders at the AGM held on 16 May 2019.

7 SHARE CAPITAL

SHARE CALLED		(Audited)	
	30 June 2019 KD	31 December 2018 KD	30 June 2018 KD
Authorised, issued and paid up capital consists of			
322,000,000 (31 December 2018: 322,000,000 and 30 June 2018:322,000,000) shares of 100 fils each, paid in cash.	32,200,000	32,200,000	32,200,000

At the AGM, the shareholders approved the partial extinguishment of accumulated losses As at 31 December 2018 amounted to KD 7,512,156 through utilising the full balance of voluntary reserve as of that date.

8 ISLAMIC FINANCE PAYABLES

	(Audited)			
	30 June	31 December	30 June	
	2019	2018	2018	
	KD	KD	KD	
Current				
Murabaha payables	5,405,407	5,405,407	5,707,283	
Tawarruq payable	2,180,000	2,180,000	-	
Ijara payable	-	-	1,497,470	
Less: deferred finance costs payable		-	(1,876)	
	7,585,407	7,585,407	7,202,877	
Non-current				
Tawarruq payable	43,054,000	43,054,000		
Ijara payable	브	-	19,008,346	
	43,054,000	43,054,000	19,008,346	
	50,639,407	50,639,407	26,211,223	
		=======		

Islamic finance payables bear an average finance cost of 6% (31 December 2018: 6%; 30 June 2018: 6%) per annum and are denominated in Kuwaiti Dinars.

Murabaha payables are secured over certain of the Group's investment properties. The tawarruq facility is secured over certain of the Group's investment properties, investment in associate and subsidiaries for which the legal formalities are still in progress as at the authorisation date of this interim condensed consolidated financial information.

9 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the contractor of one of the properties of the Group in KSA has claimed a penalty of SAR 501 million (equivalent to KD 41 million) from the Parent Company for the delay in the execution of a certain project and various other related costs associated with the project. The Parent Company has filed a counter claim for an amount of SAR 627 million (equivalent to KD 51 million) against the same contractor for the delay in handing over the project and the operational losses incidental to the delay. The dispute has been referred to the Saudi Arbitration Committee ("SAC") and the trial proceedings are still in progress as at the authorisation date of these interim condensed consolidated financial information. However due to the considerable discrepancy in the technical reports submitted by the two parties in dispute, a specialised technical expert was appointed by SAC whose report issued on 20 March 2018 supported the Parent Company's position to a large extent.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2019

9 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (continued)

The Group has been advised by its legal counsel that it is only possible, but not probable, that the action against the Group will succeed. Accordingly, no provision for any liability has been made in this interim condensed consolidated financial information.

10 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Fair value hierarchy

All financial instruments for which fair value is recognised or disclosed are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, and based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- ▶ Level 1 Quoted market prices in an active market (that are unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities.
- ▶ Level 2 Valuation techniques (for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurements directly or indirectly observable).
- ▶ Level 3 Valuation techniques (for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurements unobservable).

For financial instruments that are recognised at fair value on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

As at 30 June 2019, 31 December 2018 and 30 June 2018, the Group held the following classes of financial instruments measured at fair value:

Financial assets measured at fair value	Total KD	Level 1 KD	Level 3 KD
30 June 2019 Financial assets at FVOCI Financial assets at FVTPL	820,157 4,437,058	172,057	648,100 4,437,058
31 December 2018 (Audited) Financial assets at FVOCI Financial assets at FVTPL	853,082 4,953,030	204,982	648,100 4,953,030
30 June 2018 Financial assets at FVOCI Financial assets at FVTPL	1,085,731 4,971,594	205,513	880,218 4,971,594

During the period, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

The impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial information would be immaterial if the relevant risk variables used to fair value the unquoted equity securities were altered by 5%.

Reconciliation of fair value measurement of investment in unquoted equity securities categorised under Level 3:

30 June 2019	Financial assets at FVOCI KD	Financial assets at FVTPL KD	Total KD
As at 1 January 2019	648,100	4,953,030	5,601,130
Remeasurement recognised in OCI	*	l <u>e</u>	-
Remeasurement recognised in profit or loss	*)	(211,722)	(211,722)
Purchases / sales / redemption (net)	9	(304,250)	(304,250)
As at 30 June 2019	648,100	4,437,058	5,085,158

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2019

10 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (continued)

Reconciliation of fair value measurement of investment in unquoted equity securities categorised under Level 3: (continued)

31 December 2018	Financial assets at FVOCI KD	Financial assets at FVTPL KD	Total KD
As at 1 January 2018 (restated upon adoption IFRS 9) Remeasurement recognised in OCI Remeasurement recognised in profit or loss Purchases / sales / redemption (net) As at 31 December 2018	880,218 (232,118) - - - 648,100	5,320,111 	6,200,329 (232,118) 141,623 (508,704) 5,601,130
30 June 2018	Financial assets at FVOCI KD	Financial assets at FVTPL KD	Total KD
As at 1 January 2018 (restated upon adoption IFRS 9) Remeasurement recognised in OCI Remeasurement recognised in profit or loss Purchases / sales / redemption (net)	880,218 - - -	5,320,111 - 160,187 (508,704)	6,200,329 - 160,187 (508,704)
As at 30 June 2018	880,218	4,971,594	5,851,812

Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets consist of leasehold property and investment properties. The fair value of the leasehold property and investment properties is categorised under level 3 of the fair value hierarchy due to significant unobservable inputs used in assessing the fair values. The movement for leasehold property and investment properties is provided in Note 5.

11 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group, (including associate entities), is primarily engaged in real estate activities. Geographically, the Group's assets are located in the GCC region, predominantly in Kuwait and KSA. As a result, no segment information is provided.